



Subject:	Engagement with Northern Ireland Executive: Committee for the Economy
Date:	10 June 2020
Reporting Officer:	Alistair Reid, Strategic Director of Place and Economy
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Restricted Reports Yes No X Is this report restricted? If Yes, when will the report become unrestricted? If Yes, when will the report become unrestrict

Call-in	
Is the decision eligible for Call-in?	Yes X No

1.0	Purpose of Report or Summary of main Issues		
	The purpose of this report is to update members on the recent engagement of the Chief		
	Executive with the Northern Ireland Executive's Economy Committee.		
2.0	Recommendations		
	The Committee is asked to:		
	• Note the recent engagement of the Chief Executive with the Northern Ireland		
	Executive's Committee for the Economy		
	Note the opportunities identified to enhance the partnership working with government		
	departments to support an inclusive economic recovery and take a place-based		
	approach to economic development in the future.		

3.0	Main report
3.1	At the May meeting of the City Growth and Regeneration Committee, members were advised of a range of issues and activities impacting on the work of the Economic Development and City Regeneration teams. As the work has progressed, there has been significant engagement with our public and private partners to explore the best approach to supporting the inclusive economic recovery in the city. This has led to formal engagement with a number of institutions including the Northern Ireland Assembly as well as the creation of a series of task forces and working groups, many of which have representation from the local government sector.
3.2	The Council's Chief Executive was recently asked to present to the 26 May 2020 meeting of the Northern Ireland Executive's Committee for the Economy, representing SOLACE alongside Anthony Tohill, Chief Executive of Mid Ulster Council as well as Cllr Stephen Moutray, Chair of NILGA's Economy and International Affairs Working Group.
3.3	 The speakers used the opportunity to make the case for the key role that councils can and do play in supporting economic development in their local areas. They also argued the need for enhanced engagement between local and central government in designing and delivering solutions for local economic growth and supporting local communities, as well as articulating the case for a more coherent and focused financing model to support local economies. Key points raised included: The need for a co-design approach to public policy to support local economies – underlining the role of councils as key delivery partners (rather than stakeholders) and asking for earlier and more systematic engagement with central government in the roll-out of recovery plans as well as in future approaches to economic development The challenging financial position that councils are currently facing as a result of reduction to income The need for a coherent approach across government to supporting economic development – recognition that this doesn't just sit with the Department for the Economy but that other Departments (Communities, Education, Agriculture and Rural Affairs) are undertaking activities that impact on local economies – not all of which are joined-up or complementary

	•	The need for investment in significant re-skilling programmes – both for those who
		are still in the labour market (to enhance productivity) and those who are unemployed
		or under-employed (to meet future skills needs), with a particular focus on digital skills
	•	The significant challenges faced by the increase in unemployment and the
		disproportionate impact on key groups - including those who are already
		disadvantaged and young people
	•	The importance of apprenticeships for the future of the economy and the need to
		reconsider how these operate - taking account of the challenging financial position
		of local businesses
	•	The ability of councils to deliver on the ground – as demonstrated through the work
		to date in local areas as well as emerging strategic work in areas such as City Deals
		and Growth Deals. Councils have shown how they can develop locally-relevant
		solutions to support a place-based approach to economic growth, and attract
		alternative financial resources to support delivery. This underlines the point that the
		role of councils in local economic development has moved significantly beyond the
		traditional view of delivering EU funds for small business support. It also
		demonstrates that councils can support the delivery of activity that contributes to the
		outcomes set out in regional government strategies (e.g. Industrial Strategy)
	•	The shortcomings of the way in which local economic development is funded: there
		is currently no direct funding from government to local councils to deliver support to
		local businesses and stimulate local economies – even though there are around
		30,000 local SMEs supporting more than 20% of the workforce, and these are key
		constituents for the council support. These are businesses that fall outside of the
		Invest NI client company criteria. Apart from council resources, these companies
		have access to limited support only largely EU funding channelled through INI to
		Councils for very specific programmes.
	•	The leadership role that councils are currently playing in economic recovery: councils
		are on the frontline of service delivery and are also a trusted partner. As a result,
		businesses and representative organisations are turning to councils to seek
		leadership in developing local recovery and re-opening plans. Government
		departments therefore need to engage with councils to give them insight into
		emerging thinking so that we can mobilise our resources to ensure that our local
		areas are ready in good time.
3.4		
0.7	Following the local government intervention, there were a number of asks and agreed	
	action	IS:

the public and private sector to support a sustainable economic recovery. This Task	
Force would cover a range of areas including economic development, skills, climate	
change and infrastructure investment. The work would focus on coordinating and	
maximising funding opportunities, enhancing outcomes and ensuring that resources	
are targeted on areas of most need	
Request from the Committee for the local government representatives to present a	
paper outlining how councils can play a key role in supporting the government's work on re-opening local towns and cities	
Request from councils to play a role in the design and delivery of the Shared	
Prosperity Fund – no substantial role for local government in this area of work to date	
Request from councils to consider a longer financial framework (multi-annual basis)	
(not necessarily within the gift of the Committee for the Economy but has been	
discussed with Finance Committee)	
Request from councils to ensure that future economic strategies also take a place-	
based approach to economic regeneration – and that they have a role in both their	
development and delivery.	
Financial and resource implications	
No specific financial or resource implications at this time.	
Equality or Good Relations Implications/Rural Needs Assessment	
The engagement on behalf of SOLACE covers local councils all across Northern Ireland.	
Appendices – Documents Attached	
None	